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Annual Report

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TENTH ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

PRESIDENT AND DIRECTORS

OF THE

Albemarle & Chesapeake Canal Co.

EMBRACING THE YEARS FROM 1860 TO 1865.

President:
MARSHALL PARKS.

Secretary and Treasurer: $B.\ F.\ TEBAULT.$

Directors:

M. COURTRIGHT, of Penn.
DEAN RICHMOND, of N. Y.
JOHN LATHROP, of N. Y.
L. H. CHANDLER, of Va.

B. T. SIMMONS, of N. C.
D. D. FEREBEE, of N. C.
THOMAS J. JARVIS, of N. C.
CHARLES W. WOOD, of N. C.

T. V. WEBB, of Va.

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REPORT.

To the Stockholders of the

Albemarle and Chesapeake Canal Company:

Circumstances beyond our control, have prevented your regular annual meetings since November, 1860. At that time you directed that the annual Meetings should thereafter be held on the fourth Thursday in October, of each year. In compliance with that order, you have now assembled. Many changes have occurred since we last met. Your Canal was then nearly completed, and the trade which had scarcely commenced, had increased from a few hundred dollars per month, to upwards of six thousand during the same period.

Our motive power consisted of the Steam Tugs Wasp, Roanoke and Junaluska, and the dispatch boat Calypso; all of which have been destroyed during the war. The necessity of having steamers for repairs and superintendence, induced the construction of the Coinjock and Fannie, which are only adapted to that service.

Should the Stockholders desire the Company to recommence towing, four Tugs must be provided for that purpose, as the wants of the trade may require.

CAPACITY OF THE CANAL.

The war has demonstrated the capacity of your Canal for commerce. Nearly nine thousand vessels, mostly employed by the United States government, have passed through your navigation. These vessels consisted of Steam Tugs, Propeller Transports, Side Wheel and Stern Wheel Steamers, Sailing Vessels and Canal Barges. Many of these vessels were of greater capacity than could be passed through any other Canal on the Atlantic coast. In fact, a large number of them came by sea from New York and Philadephia, and passed through your navigation. In the past four months more than forty Steamers, bound from New York, Philadelphia, Portland, Boston and Baltimore, to Charleston, Savannah and the West Indies, have availed themselves of this route. With the exception of a few miles, there is a good inland navigation via the Albemarle and Chesapeake, Chesapeake and Delaware, and Delaware and Raritan Canals, from the city of

New York to St. John's river, in the State of Florida. This is a very important matter, and should be more generally known to our merchants and business men. It gives to the shipper ample facilities to move his products, and furnishes a large field to enterprising steamboat owners in other States.

TRANSPORTATION.

It has, we believe, been the universal custom for others than the Canal Company to engage in transportation on their Canals. Competition, among the merchants and boat owners, being suffi-

cient to furnish ample tonuage for all purposes.

We believe the best interest of the Stockholders would be advanced by a judicious system of transportation, to embrace the principal points on the line of our navigation. What would be considered of a rail road company, after laying their roadway, to wait for some one to undertake the transportation over their road? Our roadway is now in running order, and we have a capacity for business greater than any other work of the kind in America. Why, then, should we let such an opportunity pass?

There are now running from the Port of Norfolk, the following

lines of steamships:

The construction of suitable propellers, adapted to our navigation, and built of iron, we would recommend as follows:

These steamers should be constructed of iron, in the most substantial manner, and carry a large cargo on less than six feet water, with accommodations for a limited number of passengers on their upper decks. By the establishment of the above designated lines, the farmers of North Carolina would be furnished with

ample facilities for shipment, and their products could be carried to the great markets of the Atlantic States by the several steamship lines, from Norfolk.

Previous to the war there were more than 300 vessels of all classes trading through the Canal. Scarcely a dozen of them are now to be found. The farmers and lumbermen have no way to send their products to market, and are entirely dependent upon transient vessels.

The crops in the Eastern Counties of North Carolina, are gathered and ready for shipment early in the winter, while those of the West are not sent forward till spring. By the closing of the navigation on the northern canals, a large number of boats are idle, which could be profitably employed here during the winter.

The importance, however, of regular lines of steamers cannot be too highly estimated. It is by such lines a large trade is built up.

NAVIGATION.

This being a *new* line of navigation, few pilots can be found competent to navigate it. For that reason lights, buoys, and other aids to navigation are important.

Congress, in 1860, appropriated ten thousand dollars for a light to be erected at the mouth of North river, and five hundred dollars for buoys to be placed on the line of navigation. The Board of Trade of Norfolk have united with us in an application to the Light House Bureau to supply these important aids to navigation.

GENERAL AGENT.

On the occupation of the city by the federal troops, the President appointed Mr. M. Courtright, of Pennsylvania, General Agent of the Company, to arrange with the government for the use of their Canals. For a long time, nothing could be had from them. There was a total suspension of trade, and no funds on hand, or accruing to the Company, and much work required to be done to restore the navigation, and repair the damages sustained by occupation of a portion of their Canal by both armies.

Mr. Courtright gave the matter his attention, advanced the necessary funds to remove the obstructions, repair the damages, and put the works in order, so that no complaint was urged against its management. But for this prompt action on his part, it is believed the navigation would not have been preserved in its present condition.

Respectfully submitted,

Exhibiting the condition of the Albemarle and Chesapeake Canal Company for the fiscal year terminating Sept. 30th, 1865.

CAPITAL STOCK.

For amount as per Charter Subscribed by the State of North Carolina Subscribed by Currituck county Subscribed by individuals Balance undisposed of	\$350,000 00 44,000 00 898,100 00	\$1,500,000 00
		\$1.500,000 00
RECEIPTS.		
1865, Sept. 30—Balance as per statement rendered Oct. 1, 1860, Tolls for year ending Oct. 1, 1861\$23 407 70 """" 1, 1862 4,435 51 """" 1, 186319,686 15 """" """ """ 1, 186412,715 67 """" """ """ 1, 186570,421 16	\$24,619 00 •	
" " " " 1, 186570,421 16 From other sources	160,566 19 8,992 81	#104.000.00
•		\$194,268 00
EXPENDITURES.		
Engineer Expenses. Canal Repairs and Expenses. Interest and Law Expenses. Currituck County, North Carolina. Steam Tow Boats and Contingent Expenses. Bills payable and Exchange Account. U. S. Revenuc Tax. Steam Dredge and repairs. Construction.	\$1,885 50 62,957 89 11,761 25 2,056 09 36,329 90 14,234 57 1,116 97 10,364 32 43,802 43	184,508 92
Cash, on hand (Southern Currency)	\$9,300 00 459 08 \$9,759 08	\$9,759 08
Albemarle and Chesapeake Canal Company, October 1, 1865.		

Of the Number and Class of Vessels that have passed through the Albemarle and Chesapeake Canal for the fiscal year ending Sept. 30, 1861.

							MO	NTH	S.				
CLASS.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	April.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	TOTAL.
Steamers	79 83 23 14 17	94 136 11 44 31 2 1 329	70 131 10 45 14 2 4 276	84 191 10 36 32 6	73 169 14 46 19 11	12 43 11 	$ \begin{array}{r} 63 \\ 155 \\ 9 \\ 11 \\ 9 \\ 1 \\ 12 \end{array} $	45 34 9 2 	41 12 2 8 2 2 4 71	26 27 2 6 6 33 100	34 14 1 15 5 1 55 1 25	39 13 1 14 10 17 94	716 1,138 74 300 153 8 173

STATEMENT

Of the number and Class of Vessels that have passed through the Albemarle and Chesapeake Canal for the fiscal year ending Sept. 30, 1862

CLASS.							MO	NTH	S.				
	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apl.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	TOTAL.
Steamers	48 16 3 18 14 1 100	$ \begin{array}{c c} 34 \\ 20 \\ 7 \\ 34 \\ 5 \\ \dots \\ \hline 106 \end{array} $	35 31 11 27 5 12 121	34 41 13 26 10 3 127	39 33 11 24 12 3 122	$ \begin{array}{c c} 71 \\ 16 \\ 3 \\ 51 \\ 6 \\ \dots \\ 39 \\ \hline 186 \end{array} $	58 8 12 45 4 82 209	23 11 12 8 2 26 82	8 4	53 4 8 6 3	$ \begin{array}{c c} 26 \\ 2 \\ 7 \\ $	23 1 2 71	473 192 88 277 59 188

Of the number and Class of Vessels that have passed through the Albemarle and Chesapeake Canal for the fiscal year ending Sept. 30, 1863.

	Commence and				American Science Scien	days the same of	MON	THS.					
CLASS.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apl.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	TOTAL.
Steamers	37 5 41	37 6 36 1	53 10 3 36 5	57 9 12 13 4	46 13 9 32 3	47 14 18 39		18 3 1 26	6 2 4 9	1 6 15 2	10 3 · 11 11	2 4 9 1	377 69 71 292 16
Boats	83	80	109	$\frac{7}{102}$	$\frac{2}{105}$	135	$\frac{14}{70}$	$\frac{20}{68}$	27 48	15 -39	9 44	67	125 950

STATEMENT

Of the number and Class of Vessels that have passed through the Albemarle and Chesapeake Canal for the fiscal year ending Sept. 30, 1864.

:	MONTHS.												
CLASS.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apl.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	TOTAL.
Steamers Schooners Sloops Lighters Barges	39 2 6 12	34	61 1 1 20	73 1 1 17 14	79 4 2 29 12	90 1 2 17 11	90 3 2 10 21	67 3 2 9	98 2 1 7	75 3 2 1	96 2 5 6	151	953 24 15 96
Ra(ts Boats	9		8	7	20	34	26	2 6	1 14	1 13	5	82	174
	68	46	91	113	146	155	153	89	134	97	114	185	1,39

Of the number and Class of Vessels that have passed through the Albemarle and Chesapeake Canal for the fiscal year ending Sept. 30, 1865.

MONTHS.													
CLASS.	Uct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jaa.	Feb.	Mar.	Apl.	May.	June	July.	Aug.	Sept.	TOTAL.
Steamers	123	124 5 3 14	99 6 5 2 1 32	92 8 7 6 3	87 9 14 4 2	85 5 24 3 15	160 9 9 1 36	159 22 9 7 38 1 36		5 1 220	14 3 1 83	80 57 25 26 7	1,305 766 194 79 122 3 652
	134	146	145	12 3	1 : 7	141	220	272	329	412	253	3 3	2,617

STATEMENT

Aggregate Number and Class of Vessels that have passed through the Albemarle and Chesapeake Canal for the past five years, terminating September 30th, 1865.

Year.	Steamers.	Schooners.	Sloops.	Lighters.	Barges,	Raffe.	Boats.	TOTAL.
1861 1862	671 453	1139 192	74 88	300 278	153 69	8	179 188	2569 1297
1863	377	69	71	292	16		125	950
1864	953	24	15	96	124	5	174	1392
1865	1300	266	190	79	122	3	602	2617
	3844	1690	438	1044	474	16	1318	8824





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